



Joining two words

Often used when using two words to describe something.

'and' connects the two words.

The crossing was black and white.



Capital letter at the start beginning.

Full stop ends the sentence.

Joining two clauses together

Here are two **clauses** of equal value (they make sense by themselves):

We saw a brown dog.

It chased a black cat.

We can connect both ideas to form one **sentence**.

'and' connects the two clauses.

We saw a brown dog and it chased a black cat.



Capital letter at the start

Full stop ends the sentence

Capital letters

Start of a sentence starts with a capital letter and names of people and places:

Names of people: Daniel, Rebecca, Miss Smith

Names of places: England, Lincolnshire, Kirkby on Bain

Questions

A question mark is used when the sentence forms a question:



Exclamation

Sentences that show strong feeling:



Fearful



Excited

What you should know be able to do by the end of year 1

- How to combine **words** to make **sentences**.
- Joining **words** and **clauses** using **and**.
- Be able to use **sentences** to form short narratives.
- Separate **words** with spaces .
- Learn to use **capital letters**, **full stops**, **question marks** and **exclamation marks** to separate **sentences** .
- Use capital letters for names.

Letter	What we write to represent the phonemes we hear.
Capital letter	The uppercase letter we use at the start of our names.
Word	A collection of letters to communicate meaning.
Singular	One person or thing.
Plural	More than one.
Sentence	A set of words that is a complete thought. (It must have a subject and a verb.)
Subject	The thing or person doing something, being or having.
Punctuation	The marks that help us to understand our writing. (Full stop, question mark)
Full stop	Punctuation that goes at the end of a sentence.
Question mark	Punctuation that goes at the end of a question.
Exclamation mark	Sentences that show a strong emotion (funny, surprising, anger) usually starting with ‘what’ or ‘how.’
Prefix	A small group of letters (morpheme) with meaning that goes before the root word.
Suffix	A small group of letters (morpheme) with meaning that goes after the root word.
Clause	A group of words that includes a subject and a verb.
Root word	The most basic part of a word with meaning.

Nouns

Objects! People! Places! Feelings! Ideas!

Nouns are things that a sentence is about!

Concrete Nouns

Proper Nouns




Proper Nouns

Concrete Nouns

being

having

doing

I **am** happy.

He **had** fun.

She **ran** fast.

Verbs

The energy and life within a sentence.